Essential Estate Planning Strategies For Success

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Super Death Tax: Avoidance or Evasion?



....and the Dozen
Deathbed Ready
Checklist

Better Targeted Super Concessions

But first.....



Scott v CoT (No. 2) 1966 Super fund had 4 members Sole Purpose Test first expressed The SMSF mere façade failed as a tax sham

.... created almost 60 years ago



CoT v Roche1991 Raymor Contractors v CoT 1991 Super sole purpose extended Contribution tax test failure created

.... expressed 25 years later



Pre 1990's

All super death payments tax exempt Early 1990's

> Super tax introduced for non-tax free dependants on post 83 component

.... almost 30 years later



Better Targeted Superannuation Concessions

...aka you pay more tax

Is it still worth it.....

.... almost 60 years later





Super and Tax are intertwined Can't (won't) have one without the other

Remember Part IVA is just another tax section



SMSF v APRA Fund & Death Benefits

Treated differently - Member pre-death claim processed & paid **after** death

SMSF

It is a death benefit and taxable as such

APRA Fund

'payment to you from a super fund because you are a fund member' - tax free (if over 60)



SMSF v APRA Fund & Death Benefits

SMSF's and APRA funds treated differently

"The (APRA Fund) application was accepted and the process commenced prior to her death, with the actual payment paid to the deceased's account after death."

PBR 1051988780639

ATO accepted no tax also when done by Attorney Timing is everything, get deathbed ready

PBR 1051950892840





Death is coming?

Can you tax plan?

Can Part IVA apply?

But before we go there....



What is the super death tax?

Isn't super tax free?



Yes, if spouse, child under 18, financial dependent, interdependent



What is the super death tax?

Isn't super tax free?

No if not to a tax-free person, which is most of our children etc.

Tax is at minimum 15% on the taxable component.



By the way, an ASA member quetion

Can you legally nominate a beneficiary that isn't a spouse or someone that isn't financially dependant? For e.g. can a relative - say a brother or sister or other family member that isn't your child or dependant - receive your super death benefit?

No, only two methods;

Super \rightarrow will \rightarrow person

Shut super into your name then will \rightarrow person

Anna

What is the super death tax?

Look at your Taxable - taxed

Taxable is 79.6%\$2,879,216 x .15% = \$431,882

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My Own Superannuation Benefit Fund

Members Statement

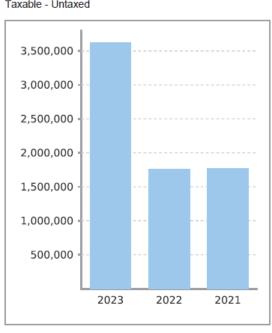
My Name

My Address

Drummoyne, New South Wales, 2047, Australia

Your Details			
Member Details		Your Beneficiary Details	
Date of Birth:	21/02/19 xx	Nominated Beneficiaries:	N/A
Age:	Young	Nomination Type:	N/A
Tax File Number:	Provided	Your Insurance Details	
Date Joined Fund:	01/07/2007	Vested Benefits:	\$3,617,906.20
Service Period Start Date:	10/11/1981	Total Death Benefit:	\$3,617,906.20
Date Left Fund:		Current Salary:	\$0.00
Member Code:		Previous Salary:	\$0.00
Account Details		Disability Benefit:	\$0.00
Account Phase:	Accumulation Phase		
Account Start Date:	30/06/2017		
Account Description:	Accumulation		
Member Balance at 30/06/2023:	\$3.617.906.20		

Your Balance		
Account Phase	Accumulation Phase	
	\$	
Opening Balance	1,758,089.20	
Increase(Decrease)	1,859,817.00	
Closing Balance	3,617,906.20	
Your Investment Return Rate	17.63%	
Preservation Components	\$	
Preserved		
Unrestricted Non Preserved	3,617,906.20	
Restricted Non Preserved		
Tax Components	\$	
Tax Free	738,689.77	
Taxable - Taxed	2,879,216.43	
Taxable - Untaxed		



Your Detailed Account Summary		
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Opening balance at 01/07/2022	1,758,089.20	1,773,685.87
Increases to Member account during the period		
Employer Contributions		
Personal Contributions (Concessional)		
Personal Contributions (Non Concessional)		
Government Co-Contributions		
Other Contributions		
Proceeds of Insurance Policies		
Transfers In		
Net Earnings	580,872.00	63,923.72
Internal Transfer In	1,318,768.71	
Total Increases to your Member account	1,899,640.71	63,923.72
Decreases to Member account during the period		
Pensions Paid		
Contributions Tax		
Income Tax	38,432.21	40,506.45
No TFN Excess Contributions Tax		
Excess Contributions Tax		
Refund Excess Contributions		
Division 293 Tax		
Insurance Policy Premiums Paid		
Management Fees		
Member Expenses		
Benefits Paid/Transfers Out	1,391.50	39,013.94
Superannuation Surcharge Tax		
Internal Transfer Out		
Total Decreases to your Member account	39,823.71	79,520.39
Closing balance at 30/06/2023	3,617,906.20	1,758,089.20





Death is coming?

Can you tax plan?

Can Part IVA apply?



What is Part IVA purpose?

How the scheme was implemented The effects of the scheme The connection between parties to the scheme But for the scheme, what? Any change in the financial position of any person who has, or has had, any connection PS LA 2005/24

"The Sunday Session" - Sunday, 4 May



What is Part IVA purpose?

the manner in which the 2013 related scheme was entered into and carried out supports a conclusion that Mr Springer, Guardian or AITCS (*or those advising them*) entered into or carried out that scheme for the dominant purpose of enabling Mr Springer to obtain a tax benefit

CofT v Guardian [2021] FCA 1619



Super Death – Case Study

Aged 65 with one child under 18 & one over 18, both living independently. There is no spouse.

Advised 6 mth terminal disease \$1,000,000 super, 90% is taxable component Has a home (PPR) also valued at \$1,000,000

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Super Death – Case Study

Home is tax free, \$1,000,000 to the family. Maximum possible super death tax is \$153,000

Net to family \$1,847,000



What can you/should you do?







Save the medicare levy = \$9,000 saved (\$900,000 $\times 2\% \times 1/2$)





Tell the estate to receive the super

Save the medicare levy = \$9,000 saved (\$900,000 $\times 2\% \times 1/2$)



Proper to advise of consequences of a decision to be made

Tell have a will, older the home, under 18/tax free dependant the super



Save max tax = \$153,000 (\$900,000 x 17%)



"The Sunday Session" – Sunday, 4 May







Proper to advise of need for will and outcomes that follow

Tell executor, older the home, under 18/tax free dependant the super



Save max tax = \$153,000 (\$900,000 x 17%)



"The Sunday Session" – Sunday, 4 May



Tell executor, older the home, under 18/tax free dependant the super

Save max tax = \$153,000 (\$900,000 x 17%)



Proper to advise of consequences of a decision to be made

Tell client to withdraw the super and hold the proceeds



Save max tax = \$153,000 (\$900,000 x 17%)









Who is this for? Client or their dependents?

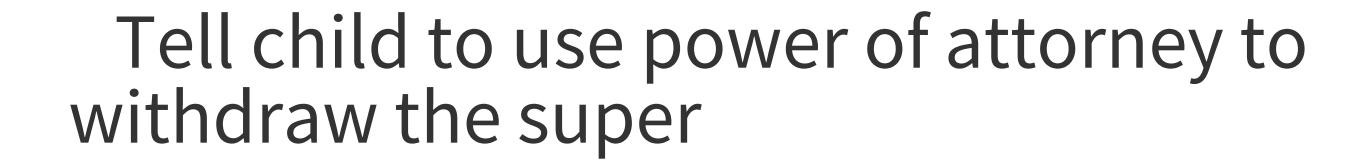
Tell child to use power of attorney to withdraw the super



Save max tax = \$153,000 (\$900,000 x 17%)



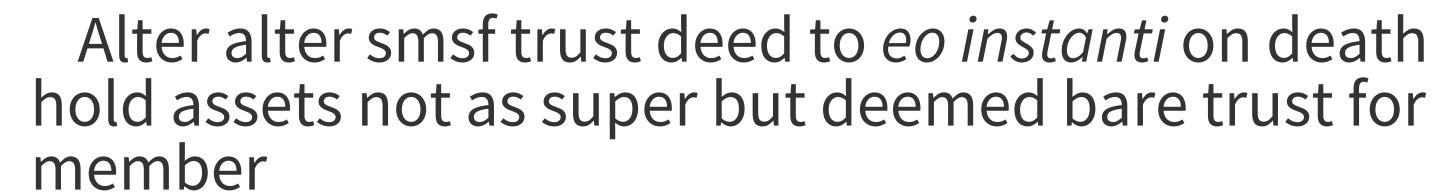
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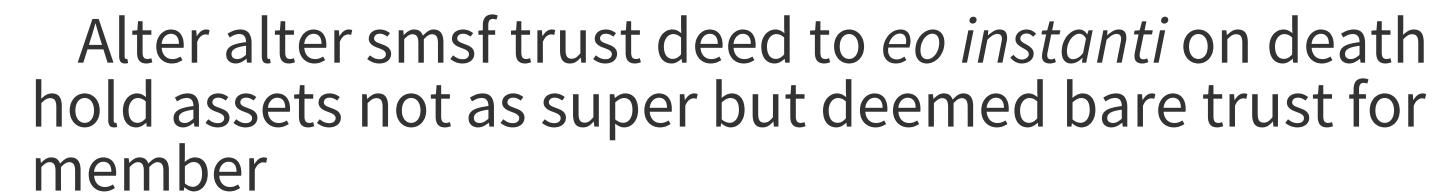
No benefit to parent. Breach of PoA? Who is it for?







"The Sunday Session" – Sunday, 4 May







I have difficulty with this at law. Anyway, why not a scheme?



Tell super to testamentary trust via will where at least one beneficiary is tax free dependant

dependant Save max tax = $$153,000 ($900,000 \times 17\%)$



Tell super to testamentary trust via will where at least one beneficiary is tax free dependant



Save max tax = \$153,000 (\$900,000 x 17%)

ATO says no, if there is no current certainty of who in the TT will benefit from the super.





Might work if followed through to TT control of super to dependant

Tell pay g'child school fees and 'direct' the super to them



Save max tax = \$153,000 (\$900,000 x 17%)







Issue is; was g'child reliant on regular continuous contribution ... to maintain that standard Who really has the school fee liability?

Is there a scheme?

Consider Re Malek v CofT [1999] AATA 678



Doesn't work, but also is it contrived?





Not directly but from the ATO website on Withdraw and re-contribute? Super Scheme Smart: Individual information pack "If Gavin goes ahead and deliberately contributes in excess of his cap, and then withdraws the excess resulting in a reduction of his taxable component, he could be subject to the anti-avoidance rules in Part IVA"



Are you a tax scheme promoter?

Maybe (like me) you are too tax excitable?!

Our tax excitement becomes their Part IVA

... and that is not fair to them because....

Take another look, super is a potent mix of



Australian

Shareholders'

Association

Take another look, super is a mess





Take another look, super is a potent mix of

The smallest death benefit issue that I have read went from;

- death to
- trustee decision to
- the complaint to
- the new trustee decision to
- the appeal to
- the determination;



and was fought over\$858.62!

Why shut down/withdraw from super?

Avoid two or more legal claims
Conflicts of interest are real and dangerous
Achieve certainty & peace of mind
The step-child loss risk is real
Don't want another and more administration
Give with a warm hand not a cold one
Just part of a greater plan to be ready to die

Don't be tax
excited, get
practical, get
estate deathbed
ready, in all its
forms and
needs.

Is this the true dominant purpose?





- 1. Get cash now
- 2. Know authority ends, know who and how of immediate new authority
- 3. Check documents now whilst alive!





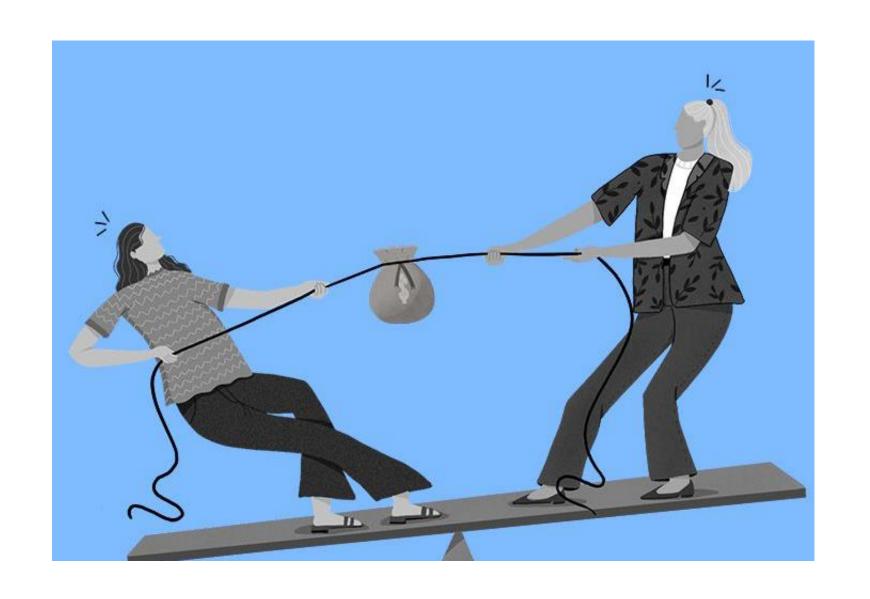


- 4. Make your super dependent certain, BDBN? or trust deed terms.
- 5. Cut problem connections
- Beat the hearsay rule with sect. 73 Evidence Act relationships and age statement





7. Use conflict release and self-benefit authorities in Power of Attorney and Will. They (and you) need it





- 8. Change directors now?
 Make them a member now?
 Adjust authorized
 signatories?
- 9. Convert lumpy assets now? Have transfer forms ready?









10. Do nothing until the process can start, then put the claims staking flag up - 1st step is list of dependants







11. Have all of the paperwork orderly and fill in the gaps







12. Carry a pack of withdrawal forms?

Fill-in, sign, submit & whine until payment into the bank account







Got Super, maybe....





Let's do the maths
Remember \$1m super, 90%
taxable component equals
\$135,000 tax

Assume 5% return





Let's do the maths
In-super tax saving is
\$24,500pa which means
that the trade off is 5.5
years away!



Better Targeted Super Concessions – the Bobbin view is



Super is still the greatest legal tax avoidance scheme in the world

Average of the new tax is still better choice

Tax on unrealised capital gains is egregious, especially for lumpy assets like property or non-marketable private equity

Better Targeted Super Concessions – the Bobbin view is



Next decision time is May 2026, do nothing until then

Maximise values for 2025, offer bottle of single malt?

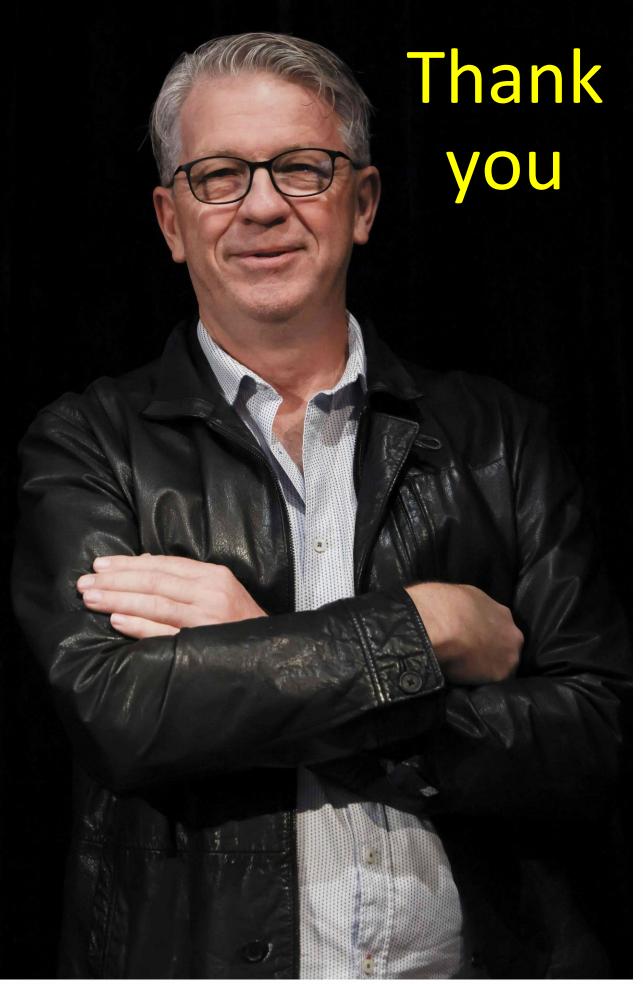
Look at accounting methods, take up tax provisions? In 2026 not 2025?

Super Death Tax: Avoidance or Evasion?



Check your and their purpose

....and be Dozen Deathbed Ready



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